

O'Shaughnessy Market Leaders ValueSM Fund

Factsheet

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The fund seeks long-term capital appreciation and current income.

FUND FACTS

	Ticker Symbol	CUSIP
Class I	OFVIX	00770X444

Inception Date: 2/26/2016

Expenses (Class I)

Net:* 0.65% Gross: 1.96%

* The Advisor is sensitive to expenses and has contractually agreed to waive fees through November 27, 2017.

KEY INVESTMENT PROFESSIONALS

James P. O'Shaughnessy
CEO and Chief Investment Officer

Christopher I. Meredith, CFA, MBA, MA
Senior Portfolio Manager &
Director of Research

Scott M. Bartone, CFA, MBA
Portfolio Manager &
Director of Portfolio Management

Patrick W. O'Shaughnessy, CFA
Portfolio Manager

FOR MORE INFORMATION

For Investment Advisors

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For Individual Investors

O'Shaughnessy Funds
(877) 291-7827 Tel
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A U.S. Large Value Strategy

Investment Strategy:

The strategy seeks market-leading companies—as defined by valuation, earnings quality, financial strength, and earnings growth—that exhibit strong Shareholder Yield, which is the combination of dividends and share repurchases. The strategy is based on a separately managed account launched in December 2001. Please see the prospectus for the performance of that product.

Characteristics

As of March 31, 2017	Fund	Russell 1000 [®] Value Index
Weighted Average Market Cap (\$ mil)	39,906	121,136
Median Market Cap (\$ mil)	25,853	8,560
Foreign Exposure (%)	1.3	—
Approximate Number of Holdings	56	692
Active Share (%)	90.7	—

Sector Allocation**

	Fund	R1000V
Consumer Discretionary	24.7	4.8
Consumer Staples	4.6	8.5
Energy	5.7	12.2
Financials	22.2	26.6
Health Care	4.9	10.8
Industrials	17.0	9.8
Information Technology	13.7	10.0
Materials	4.1	3.0
Real Estate	—	4.5
Telecom Services	3.0	3.6
Utilities	—	6.2
Total	100.0	100.0

Top 10 Holdings**

	% Weight
BOEING CO	4.8
AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL INC	4.7
UNITED CONTINENTAL HOLDINGS	4.4
BEST BUY INC	4.2
LYONDELLBASELL INDUSTRIES	4.1
VALERO ENERGY CORP	3.9
TE CONNECTIVITY LTD	3.6
MCDONALDS CORP	3.0
GILEAD SCIENCES INC	3.0
CENTURYLINK INC	2.9
Total	38.6

** As of March 31, 2017. Fund holdings and sector allocations are subject to change at any time and should not be considered a recommendation to buy or sell any security. Numbers may not add up due to rounding.

The Fund's investment objectives, risks, charges, and expenses must be considered carefully before investing. The statutory and summary prospectuses contain this and other important information about the investment company, and they may be obtained by calling (877) 291-7827 or by visiting www.osfunds.com. Read carefully before investing.

O'Shaughnessy Market Leaders Value Fund

MARCH 31, 2017

Factsheet

Characteristics	O'Shaughnessy Market Leaders Value Fund	Russell 1000® Value Index	
VALUE	Price-to-Earnings Ratio	13.9	19.0
	Price-to-Sales Ratio	0.9	1.8
	EBITDA/Enterprise Value	0.13	0.09
	Free Cash Flow/Enterprise Value	5.7	2.0
EARNINGS QUALITY	Total Accruals/Total Assets (%)	-5.1	-4.6
	Depreciation/CapEx (%)	126.1	131.6
FINANCIAL STRENGTH	External Financing (%)	-6.7	-1.8
	Cash Flow-to-Debt	39.8	27.8
EARNINGS GROWTH	1-Year Historical Earnings Growth Rate (%)*	7.5	4.6

Market Cap Breakdown**	% Assets
> \$10 billion	90.1
> \$2 billion and < \$10 billion	9.9
< \$2 billion	0.0
Total	100.0



ABOUT THE MANAGER

O'Shaughnessy Asset Management (OSAM) is a research-based equity money management firm based in Stamford, CT. We have done extensive analysis over a period spanning more than eight decades in the U.S. and more than four decades globally to identify the stock selection characteristics that have delivered strong absolute, risk-adjusted, and consistent returns. We make decisions that are based on empirical fact, not opinion; implement in a transparent and understandable way; and stay disciplined to our long-term objectives.

* The earnings growth rate is not a measure of the Fund's future performance.

** Fund and market cap breakdown is subject to change at any time and should not be considered a recommendation to buy or sell any security.

Glossary of Terms: **Accruals:** A measure of accounts on a balance sheet that represents liabilities and non-cash-based assets used in accrual-based accounting. These accounts include, among many others, accounts payable, accounts receivable, goodwill, future tax liability, and future interest expense. **Active Share:** Calculated by taking the sum of the absolute value of the differences of the weight of each holding in the manager's portfolio versus the weight of each holding in the benchmark index and dividing by two. **Capital Expenditure (CapEx):** Consists of funds used by a company to acquire or upgrade physical assets such as property, plants, or equipment. **Depreciation:** A method of allocating the cost of a tangible asset over its useful life. Businesses may depreciate long-term assets for both tax and accounting purposes. **EBITDA:** Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization. **Enterprise Value (EV):** A measure of a company's value, often used as an alternative to straightforward market capitalization. Enterprise value is calculated as market cap plus debt, minority interest, and preferred shares minus total cash and cash equivalents. **External Financing:** A measure of the amount of equity and debt issued on secondary markets over the trailing 12 months. **Price-to-Earnings:** The price of a share of a stock divided by earnings per share, usually calculated using the latest year's earnings. **Price-to-Sales:** The price of a share of a stock divided by sales per share, usually calculated using the latest year's earnings. **Return on Equity:** Net income as a percentage of shareholder equity. **Russell 1000® Value Index (R1000V):** Measures the performance of those Russell 1000® companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower forecasted growth values. It is not possible to invest directly in an index. **Weighted Average Market Capitalization:** Calculated by adding the collective market capitalizations of member securities and dividing by the number of securities.

Mutual fund investing involves risk, principal loss is possible. Foreign investments involve additional risks, including greater volatility and political, economic, and currency risks and differences in accounting methods. Emerging markets countries involve greater risks, such as immature economic structures, national policies restricting investments by foreigners, and different legal systems. Such risks may be magnified with respect to securities of issuers in frontier emerging markets. Medium capitalization companies tend to have limited liquidity and greater price volatility than large-capitalization companies. The Fund may experience higher fees and is subject to additional risks due to investments in other investment companies (including ETFs).